

300-475 - CLDDACI Building the Cisco Cloud with Application Centric Infrastructure

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1. As the Cisco ACI fabric administrator for a service provider, you have deployed a multitenant environment for your customers. Can a customer see the configuration of other customers' environments and fabric configurations?

- A. Yes, by default, all tenants of the fabric have administrative permissions.
- B. No, read/write restrictions prevent tenants from seeing other tenants including fabric configurations.
- C. No, intrusion detection devices hinder intertenant communication.
- D. Yes, by extrapolating data contained in multicast encapsulated frames, a tenant can intercept data of other tenants.

Answer: B

2. Which entity manages Layer 4 to Layer 7 services in the Cisco ACI?

- A. vendor
- B. Cisco APIC
- C. MP-BGP
- D. ISIS

Answer: B

3. How can system and pod health scores be viewed?

- A. GUI system dashboard
- B. cumulonimbus collector
- C. Cisco APIC Python
- D. Cisco Health Score Viewer

Answer: A

4. Which describes gateway services in the Cisco ACI?

- A. Each EPG has a dedicated anycast gateway.
- B. All anycast gateways are centrally located on the spine.
- C. Each subnet has an anycast gateway configured on the TOR wherever that tenant's bridge domain exists.
- D. All anycast gateways are configured on intrusion-detection devices inside the fabric.

Answer: C

5. On what does the Cisco ACI fabric object-oriented operating system run?

- A. each Cisco Nexus 9000 series node
- B. each Cisco Nexus 9000 leaf node
- C. each Cisco Nexus 9000 spine node
- D. only the Application Policy Infrastructure Controller

Answer: A

6. Which two options outline the design requirements for spine nodes in a Clos design? (Choose two.)

- A. host connectivity scalability
- B. spine interconnectivity
- C. leaf interconnectivity
- D. high 40-Gb/s port density

Answer: C, D

7. Which two options are design requirements for leaf nodes in a Cisco Clos design? (Choose two.)

- A. high 40-Gb/s port density
- B. spine interconnectivity
- C. leaf interconnectivity
- D. fabric policy enforcement

Answer: B, D

8. Which answer accurately describes the fat tree design implemented as part of the Cisco ACI fabric?

- A. Clos architecture, Cisco APICs, and hosts connect to spines. Policies are enforced on leafs and spines.
- B. Clos architecture, Cisco APICs, and hosts connect to leafs. Policies are enforced on leafs only.
- C. Multitier architecture, Cisco APICs, and hosts connect to spines. Policies are enforced on spines only.
- D. Multitier architecture, Cisco APICs, and hosts connect to leafs. Policies are enforced on leafs only.

Answer: B

9. Which three networking architectures is the Cisco ACI architecture based on? (Choose three.)

- A. leaf-and-spine architecture
- B. multicast gateway
- C. a controller that is not involved in traffic forwarding
- D. software-based mapping database lookup
- E. zero-touch provisioning for all loopbacks, Layer 3 links, and routing within the fabric
- F. Host-based forwarding in the mapping database that provides IP-to-VLAN tunnel endpoint mapping information to the spine

Answer: A, C, E

10. What are two benefits of the Clos architecture? (Choose two.)

- A. improved fabric scalability
- B. complicated network design and implementation
- C. multiple nonblocking ECMP paths from all leaves
- D. limited fabric scalability

Answer: A, C

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